

Sequence Objects

Introduction

A **Sequence** object manages a set of Commands. The sequence is constructed on the host from a list of commands, then downloaded and executed in the controller. Typically, applications only use Sequences for very small or simple autonomous tasks that require execution in the controller. Due to their embedded execution, debugging can be difficult. It is best to use the host application to execute MPI methods directly for optimum flexibility and performance.

If you are considering using a program Sequencer or Command objects, please contact an MEI Applications Engineer. We recommend that you do **NOT** implement complex Sequences on your own.

Methods

Create, Delete, Validate Methods

<u>mpiSequenceCreate</u>	Create Sequence object
<u>mpiSequenceDelete</u>	Delete Sequence object
<u>mpiSequenceValidate</u>	Validate Sequence object

Configuration and Information Methods

<u>mpiSequenceConfigGet</u>	Get sequence config
<u>mpiSequenceConfigSet</u>	Set sequence config
<u>mpiSequenceFlashConfigGet</u>	Get sequence flash config
<u>mpiSequenceFlashConfigSet</u>	Set sequence flash config
<u>mpiSequencePageSize</u>	Set pageSize to number of command slots used by sequence
<u>mpiSequenceStatus</u>	Return sequence status

Event Methods

<u>mpiSequenceEventNotifyGet</u>	Select an event mask for host notification of events
<u>mpiSequenceEventNotifySet</u>	Enable host notification of sequence events
<u>mpiSequenceEventReset</u>	Reset sequence events

Action Methods

<u>mpiSequenceCompile</u>	
<u>mpiSequenceLoad</u>	Load sequence commands into firmware
<u>mpiSequenceResume</u>	Resume execution of sequence
<u>mpiSequenceStart</u>	Start execution of sequence
<u>mpiSequenceStep</u>	Execute count steps of a stopped sequence
<u>mpiSequenceStop</u>	Stop sequence

Memory Methods

<u>mpiSequenceMemory</u>	Set address used to access sequence memory
<u>mpiSequenceMemoryGet</u>	Get bytes of sequence memory and put into application memory
<u>mpiSequenceMemorySet</u>	Put (set) bytes of application memory into sequence memory

Relational Methods

[mpiSequenceControl](#)

Get handle to Control

[mpiSequenceNumber](#)

Get index number of sequence

List Methods for Event Sources

[mpiSequenceCommand](#)

Return handle to indexed command of sequence

[mpiSequenceCommandAppend](#)

Append command to sequence

[mpiSequenceCommandCount](#)

Count the number of commands in sequence

[mpiSequenceCommandFirst](#)

Return handle to first command in sequence

[mpiSequenceCommandIndex](#)

Return the index of a command in sequence

[mpiSequenceCommandInsert](#)

Insert command into sequence

[mpiSequenceCommandLast](#)

Return handle of last command in sequence

[mpiSequenceCommandListGet](#)

Get list of commands in sequence

[mpiSequenceCommandListSet](#)

Set list of commands in sequence

[mpiSequenceCommandNext](#)

Get handle to next command in list

[mpiSequenceCommandPrevious](#)

Get handle to previous command in list

[mpiSequenceCommandRemove](#)

Remove command from list

Data Types

[MPISequenceConfig](#) / [MEISequenceConfig](#)

[MPISequenceMessage](#)

[MPISequenceState](#)

[MPISequenceStatus](#)

[MEISequenceTrace](#)

Copyright © 2002
Motion Engineering

Declaration `const MPISequence mpiSequenceCreate(MPIControl control, long number, long pageSize)`

Description	SequenceCreate creates a Sequence object associated with the program sequencer identified by <i>number</i> located on motion controller (control). SequenceCreate is the equivalent of a C++ constructor.
--------------------	--

<i>If</i>	<i>Then</i>
number is -1	<i>SequenceCreate</i> selects the next unused program sequencer. If this is the first use of the program sequencer, then <i>SequenceCreate</i> will attempt to allocate <code>pageSize</code> firmware command slots.
pageSize is -1	<i>SequenceCreate</i> will allocate all remaining firmware command slots, which may prevent any more <i>Sequence</i> objects from being created.

Return Values

handle	to a Sequence object
MPIHandleVOID	if the object could not be created

See Also [mpiSequenceDelete](#) | [mpiSequenceValidate](#)

mpiSequenceDelete

Declaration long [mpiSequenceDelete](#) ([MPISequence](#) **sequence**)

Required Header stdmpi.h

Description [SequenceDelete](#) deletes a Sequence object and invalidates its handle (*sequence*). *SequenceDelete* is the equivalent of a C++ destructor.

All Command objects in a Sequence are deleted when the Sequence object is deleted.

Return Values

MPIMessageOK if *SequenceDelete* successfully a Sequence object and invalidates its handle

See Also [mpiSequenceCreate](#) | [mpiSequenceValidate](#)

mpiSequenceValidate

Declaration long [mpiSequenceValidate](#)([MPISequence](#) **sequence**)

Required Header stdmpi.h

Description [SequenceValidate](#) validates the Sequence object and its handle (*sequence*).

Return Values

MPIMessageOK	if Sequence is a handle to a valid object.
---------------------	--

See Also [mpiSequenceCreate](#) | [mpiSequenceDelete](#)

mpiSequenceConfigGet

Declaration `long mpiSequenceConfigGet(MPISequence sequence, MPISequenceConfig *config, void *external)`

Required Header `stdmpi.h`

Description **SequenceConfigGet** gets the configuration of a Sequence object (*sequence*) and writes it in the structure pointed to by *config*, and also writes it into the implementation-specific structure pointed to by *external* (if *external* is not NULL).

The Sequence's configuration information in *external* is in addition to the Sequence's configuration information in *config*, i.e., the configuration information in *config* and in *external* is not the same information. Note that *config* or *external* can be NULL (but not both NULL).

XMP Only *external* either points to a structure of type MEISequenceConfig{ } or is NULL.

Return Values

MPIMessageOK	if <i>SequenceConfigGet</i> successfully gets and writes the configuration of a Sequence object into the structure(s)
---------------------	---

See Also [mpiSequenceConfigSet](#) | [MEISequenceConfig](#)

Declaration

```
long mpiSequenceConfigSet(MPISequence sequence,  
                           MPISequenceConfig *config,  
                           void *external)
```

Required Header

Description	SequenceConfigSet sets the configuration of a Sequence (<i>sequence</i>) using data from the structure pointed to by <i>config</i> , and also using data from the implementation- specific structure pointed to by <i>external</i> (if <i>external</i> is not NULL).
--------------------	---

The Sequence's configuration information in *external* is in addition to the Sequence's configuration information in *config*, i.e., the configuration information in *config* and in *external* is not the same information. Note that *config* or *external* can be NULL (but not both NULL).

XMP Only *external* either points to a structure of type `MEISequenceConfig{ }` or is `NULL`.

Return Values

MPIMessageOK	if <i>SequenceConfigSet</i> successfully sets a Sequence's configuration using data from the structure(s)
---------------------	---

See Also [mpiSequenceConfigGet](#) | [MEISequenceConfig](#)

Declaration long `mpiSequenceFlashConfigGet`([MPISequence](#) `sequence`,
 void `*flash`,
 [MPISequenceConfig](#) `*config`,
 void `*external`)

Description	SequenceFlashConfigGet gets a Sequence's (<i>sequence</i>) flash configuration and writes it into the structure pointed to by <i>config</i> , and also writes it into the implementation-specific structure pointed to by <i>external</i> (if <i>external</i> is not NULL).
--------------------	--

XMP Only

external either points to a structure of type [MEISequenceConfig{ }](#) or is NULL. *flash* is either an MEIFlash handle or MPIHandleVOID. If *flash* is MPIHandleVOID, an MEIFlash object will be created and deleted internally.

Return Values

MPIMessageOK	if <i>SequenceFlashConfigGet</i> successfully writes the Sequence's flash configuration to the structure(s)
---------------------	---

See Also [mpiSequenceFlashConfigSet](#)

Declaration

```
long mpiSequenceFlashConfigSet(MPISequence sequence,  
                                void *flash,  
                                MPISequenceConfig *config,  
                                void *external)
```

Description	SequenceFlashConfigSet sets a Sequence's (<i>sequence</i>) flash configuration using data from the structure pointed to by <i>config</i> , and also using data from the implementation-specific structure pointed to by <i>external</i> (if <i>external</i> is not NULL).
--------------------	--

The Sequence's flash configuration information in *external* is in addition to the Sequence's flash configuration information in *config*, i.e., the flash configuration information in *config* and in *external* is not the same information. Note that *config* or *external* can be NULL (but not both NULL). The implementation-specific *flash* argument is used to access flash memory.

external either points to a structure of type `MEISequenceConfig{ }` or is `NULL`. **flash** is either an `MEIFlash` handle or `MPIHandleVOID`. If **flash** is `MPIHandleVOID`, an `MEIFlash` object will be created and deleted internally.

Return Values

MPIMessageOK	if <i>SequenceFlashConfigSet</i> successfully sets the Sequence's flash configuration using data from the structure(s)
---------------------	--

See Also [MEISequenceConfig](#) | [mpiSequenceFlashConfigGet](#)

Declaration `long mpiSequencePageSize(MPISequence sequence, long *pageSize)`

Required Header

Description	SequencePageSize writes the <i>number</i> of command slots that are available to a Sequence (<i>sequence</i> , on its associated motion controller) to the contents of <i>pageSize</i> .
--------------------	--

Return Values

MPIMessageOK	if <i>SequencePageSize</i> successfully writes the number of command slots (available to the Sequence) to the contents of <i>pageSize</i>
---------------------	---

See Also

Declaration

```
long mpiSequenceStatus( MPISequence      sequence,  
                        MPISequenceStatus *status,  
                        void              *external )
```

Description	SequenceStatus returns the status of a Sequence (<i>sequence</i>), and writes it into the structure pointed to by <i>status</i> , and also writes it into the implementation-specific structure pointed to by <i>external</i> (if <i>external</i> is not NULL).
--------------------	--

XMP Only *external* either points to a structure of type MEISequenceStatus{ } or is NULL.

Return Values

MPIMessageOK	if <i>SequenceStatus</i> successfully returns the Sequence's status and writes the status to the structure(s)
---------------------	---

See Also [MPISequenceStatus](#)

Declaration

```
long mpiSequenceEventNotifyGet(MPISequence sequence,  
                               MPIEventMask *eventMask,  
                               void *external)
```

Description	
	<p>SequenceEventNotifyGet writes an event mask [that specifies the event types (generated by the Sequence <i>sequence</i>, for which host notification has been requested)] to the structure pointed to by <i>eventMask</i>, and also writes it into the implementation-specific structure pointed to by <i>external</i> (if <i>external</i> is not NULL).</p> <p>The event mask information in <i>external</i> is <i>in addition</i> to the event mask information in <i>eventMask</i>, i.e., the event mask information in <i>eventMask</i> and in <i>external</i> is not the same information. Note that <i>eventMask</i> or <i>external</i> can be NULL (but not both NULL).</p>

XMP Only *external* either points to a structure of type **MEIEventMask{}** or is NULL.

Return Values

MPIMessageOK	if <i>SequenceEventNotifyGet</i> successfully writes the event mask to the structure(s)
---------------------	---

See Also [MEIEventMask](#) | [mpiSequenceEventNotifySet](#)

mpiSequenceEventNotifySet

Declaration

long mpiSequenceEventNotifySet (MPISequence
MPIEventMask
void
sequence ,
eventMask ,
*external)

Required Header

stdmpi.h

Description

SequenceEventNotifySet requests host notification of the event(s) specified by *eventMask* and generated by a Sequence (*sequence*), and also using data from the implementation-specific structure pointed to by *external* (if *external* is not NULL).

The event mask information in *external* is in addition to the event mask information in *eventMask*, i.e, the event mask information in *eventMask* and in *external* is not the same information. Note that *eventMask* or *external* can be NULL (but not both NULL).

The mask of event types generated by a Sequence object consists of MPIEventMaskEXTERNAL. When a Sequence issues a Command of type MPICommandTypeEVENT, an event of type MPIEventTypeEXTERNAL is generated. The only event generated by a Sequence is MPIEventTypeEXTERNAL, which is generated when a Sequence issues a Command of type MPICommandTypeEVENT.

To	Use "eventMask"
Disable host notification of all Sequence events	MPIEventTypeNONE
Enable host notification of all Sequence events	MPIEventMaskALL

XMP Only

external either points to a structure of type MEIEventMask{ } or is NULL.

Return Values	
MPIMessageOK	if <i>SequenceEventNotifySet</i> successfully requests host notification of the events in the event mask(s)

See Also

[MPIEventMaskEXTERNAL](#) | [MEIEventMask](#) | [mpiSequenceEventNotifyGet](#)

Declaration

```
long mpiSequenceEventReset( MPISequence sequence,
                             MPIEventMask eventMask )
```

Description	SequenceEventReset resets the event(s) that are specified in <i>eventMask</i> and generated by a Sequence (<i>sequence</i>). Your application should not call SequenceEventReset <i>until</i> one or more latchable events have occurred.
--------------------	--

Return Values

MPIMessageOK	if <i>SequenceEventReset</i> successfully resets the event(s) that are specified in <i>eventMask</i> and generated by a Sequence object
---------------------	---

See Also

meiSequenceCompile

Declaration long `meiSequenceCompile`([MPISequence](#) `sequence`)

Required Header stdmpi.h

Description [SequenceCompile](#) “compiles” a *sequence* object by reading its list of Command objects and then creating an equivalent list of XMP commands.

Return Values

MPIMessageOK	if <i>SequenceCompile</i> successfully reads a Sequence object’s list of Command objects and creates an equivalent list of XMP commands
---------------------	---

See Also

mpiSequenceLoad

Declaration

long mpiSequenceLoad(MPISequence sequence ,
MPICommand command ,
long start)

Required Header

stdmpi.h

Description

SequenceLoad loads the firmware command slots of a Sequence (*sequence*) as necessary, starting with the Command (*command*).

SequenceLoad is intended to be called initially by mpiSequenceStart(...) and called thereafter by mpiEventMgrService(...) (in response to reception of an *internal page fault event notification* from the firmware). Except when you are debugging a sequence via mpiSequenceStep(...), your application should never need to directly call SequenceLoad.

If	Then
<i>command</i> is MPIHandleVOID	<i>SequenceLoad</i> loads Commands starting with the first Command of the Sequence
<i>start</i> is not FALSE	<i>SequenceLoad</i> starts the sequence after the commands are loaded

Return Values

MPIMessageOK if *SequenceLoad* successfully loads the firmware command slots of a Sequence

See Also

[mpiSequenceStart](#) | [mpiEventMgrService](#) | [mpiSequenceStep](#)

mpiSequenceResume

Declaration long `mpiSequenceResume` ([MPISequence](#) `sequence`)

Required Header stdmpi.h

Description [SequenceResume](#) resumes a Sequence (*sequence*) from the point where the Sequence has stopped (if execution has been stopped).

Return Values

MPIMessageOK	if <i>SequenceResume</i> successfully resumes a Sequence from the point where the Sequence has stopped
---------------------	--

See Also

mpiSequenceStart

Declaration

```
long mpiSequenceStart(MPISequence sequence,
                     MPICommand command)
```

Required Header

Description	SequenceStart begins the execution of a Sequence (<i>sequence</i>), starting with the Command (<i>command</i>). If <i>command</i> is MPIHandleVOID, execution starts with the first command of the Sequence.
--------------------	---

Return Values

MPIMessageOK	if <i>SequenceStart</i> successfully begins the execution of a Command Sequence
---------------------	---

See Also [mpiSequenceStop](#)

mpiSequenceStep

Declaration

```
long mpiSequenceStep(MPISequence sequence,  
                    long count)
```

Required Header

Description	SequenceStep executes <i>count</i> steps (Commands) of a stopped Sequence (<i>sequence</i>). After executing the Commands, the Sequence will be in the MPISequenceStateSTOPPED state.
--------------------	--

Return Values

MPIMessageOK	if <i>SequenceStep</i> successfully executes <i>count</i> steps (Commands) of a stopped Sequence
---------------------	---

See Also

mpiSequenceStop

Declaration long [mpiSequenceStop](#)([MPISequence](#) **sequence**)

Required Header stdmpi.h

Description [SequenceStop](#) stops a Sequence (*sequence*), if execution has been started. A stopped Sequence can be resumed from the point where it has stopped.

Return Values

MPIMessageOK	if <i>SequenceStop</i> successfully stops a Sequence (while it is executing)
---------------------	--

See Also [mpiSequenceStart](#)

mpiSequenceMemory

```
long mpiSequenceMemory(MPISequence sequence,
                       void **memory)
```

Required Header

Description **SequenceMemory** writes an address [used to access a Sequence's (sequence) memory] to the contents of **memory**. This address (or an address calculated from it) is passed as the **src** argument to `mpiSequenceMemoryGet(...)` and as the **dst** argument to `mpiSequenceMemorySet(...)`.

Return Values

MPIMessageOK	if <i>SequenceMemory</i> successfully writes the address (used to access Sequence memory) to the contents of memory
---------------------	---

See Also [mpiSequenceMemoryGet](#) | [mpiSequenceMemorySet](#)

mpiSequenceMemoryGet

Declaration long [mpiSequenceMemoryGet](#) ([MPISequence](#) **sequence** ,
 void ***dst** ,
 void ***src** ,
 long **count**)

Required Header stdmpi.h

Description [SequenceMemoryGet](#) copies *count* bytes of a Sequence's (*sequence*) memory (starting at address *src*) to application memory (starting at address *dst*).

Return Values

MPIMessageOK	if <i>SequenceMemoryGet</i> successfully copies count bytes of Sequence memory to application memory
---------------------	--

See Also [mpiSequenceMemorySet](#) | [mpiSequenceMemory](#)

mpiSequenceMemorySet

Declaration

```
long mpiSequenceMemorySet ( MPISequence sequence ,
                             void          *dst ,
                             void          *src ,
                             long          count )
```

Required Header stdmpi.h

Description *SequenceMemorySet* copies **count** bytes of application memory (starting at address *src*) to a Sequence's (*sequence*) memory (starting at address *dst*).

Return Values

MPIMessageOK	if <i>SequenceMemorySet</i> successfully copies count bytes of application memory to a Sequence object's memory
---------------------	--

See Also [mpiSequenceMemory](#) | [mpiSequenceMemoryGet](#)

mpiSequenceControl

Declaration `const MPIControl mpiSequenceControl(MPISequence sequence)`

Required Header `stdmpi.h`

Description [SequenceControl](#) returns a handle to the Control object with which the Sequence object is associated.

sequence	a handle to the Sequence object.
-----------------	----------------------------------

Return Values

MPIControl	a handle to the Sequence object
-------------------	---------------------------------

MPIHandleVOID	if <i>sequence</i> is invalid
----------------------	-------------------------------

See Also [mpiSequenceCreate](#) | [mpiControlCreate](#)

mpiSequenceNumber

```

Declaration
long mpiSequenceNumber(MPISequence sequence,
                        long *number)

```

Required Header

Description	SequenceNumber writes the index of a Sequence (<i>sequence</i> , on the motion controller that the Sequence object is associated with) to the contents of <i>number</i> .
--------------------	---

Return Values

MPIMessageOK	if <i>SequenceNumber</i> successfully writes the Sequence's index to the contents of <i>number</i>
---------------------	--

See Also

Required Header

sequence	a handle to the Sequence object.
index	a position in the list.

Return Values

handle	to the <i>index</i> th Command of a Sequence (<i>sequence</i>)
MPIHandleVOID	if <i>sequence</i> is invalid if <i>index</i> is less than 0 if <i>index</i> is greater than or equal to mpiSequenceCount(sequence)
MPIMessageARG_INVALID	if <i>index</i> is a negative number.
MEIListMessageELEMENT_NOT_FOUND	if <i>index</i> is greater than or equal to the number of elements in the list.
MPIMessageHANDLE_INVALID	if <i>sequence</i> is an invalid handle.

See Also

mpiSequenceCommandAppend

Declaration

```
long mpiSequenceCommandAppend( MPISequence sequence,  
                               MPICommand command)
```

Required Header

Description	SequenceCommandAppend
	appends a Command (<i>command</i>) to a Sequence (<i>sequence</i>).

sequence	a handle to the Sequence object.
command	a handle to a Command object.

Return Values

MPIMessageOK	if <i>SequenceCommandAppend</i> successfully appends a Command to a Sequence
MPIMessageHANDLE_INVALID	Either <i>sequence</i> or <i>command</i> is an invalid handle.
MPIMessageNO_MEMORY	Not enough memory was available.

See Also

mpiSequenceCommandCount

Declaration long `mpiSequenceCommandCount` ([MPISequence](#) **sequence**)

Required Header stdmpi.h

Description [SequenceCommandCount](#) returns the number of elements on the list.

sequence	a handle to the Sequence object.
-----------------	----------------------------------

Return Values

number of Commands	in a Sequence (<i>sequence</i>)
---------------------------	-----------------------------------

-1	if <i>sequence</i> is invalid
-----------	-------------------------------

0	if <i>sequence</i> is empty
----------	-----------------------------

See Also

mpiSequenceCommandFirst

Declaration const [MPICommand](#) **mpiSequenceCommandFirst**([MPISequence](#) **sequence**)

Required Header stdmpi.h

Description **SequenceCommandFirst** returns the first element in the list. This function can be used in conjunction with mpiSequenceCommandNext() in order to iterate through the list.

sequence	a handle to the Sequence object.
-----------------	----------------------------------

Return Values	
handle	to the first Command in a Sequence (<i>sequence</i>)
MPIHandleVOID	if <i>sequence</i> is invalid if <i>sequence</i> is empty
MPIMessageHANDLE_INVALID	if <i>sequence</i> is an invalid handle.

See Also [mpiSequenceCommandNext](#) | [mpiSequenceCommandLast](#)

Required Header

sequence	a handle to the Sequence object.
command	a handle to a Command object.

index	of a Command (<i>command</i>) in a Sequence (<i>sequence</i>)
-1	if <i>sequence</i> is invalid if the Command (<i>command</i>) was not found in the Sequence (<i>sequence</i>)

<http://support.motioneng.com/soft/sequence/Method/cmdinx1.htm> [3/12/2002 11:39:43 AM]

mpiSequenceCommandInsert

Declaration

```
long mpiSequenceCommandInsert( MPISequence sequence,  
                               MPICommand command,  
                               MPICommand insert )
```

Required Header

Description	SequenceCommandInsert inserts a Command (<i>insert</i>) in a Sequence (<i>sequence</i>) just after the specified Command (<i>command</i>).
--------------------	---

Return Values

MPIMessageOK	if <i>SequenceCommandInsert</i> successfully inserts the Command (<i>insert</i>) in a Sequence following the specified Command (<i>command</i>)
---------------------	---

See Also

mpiSequenceCommandLast

Declaration const [MPICommand](#) **mpiSequenceCommandLast** ([MPISequence](#) **sequence**)

Required Header stdmpi.h

Description **SequenceCommandLast** returns the last element in the list. This function can be used in conjunction with `mpiSequenceCommandPrevious()` in order to iterate through the list backwards.

sequence	a handle to the Sequence object.
-----------------	----------------------------------

Return Values

handle	to the last Command in a Sequence (<i>sequence</i>)
MPIHandleVOID	if <i>sequence</i> is invalid if <i>sequence</i> is empty
MPIMessageHANDLE_INVALID	if <i>sequence</i> is an invalid handle.

See Also [mpiSequenceCommandFirst](#) | [mpiSequenceCommandPrevious](#) | [mpiSequenceCommandNext](#)

Required Header

Return Values	
MPIMessageOK	if <i>SequenceCommandListGet</i> successfully gets the list of Commands in a Sequence

See Also [mpiSequenceCommandListSet](#)

[illegible]

Description	SequenceCommandListSet creates a Sequence (<i>sequence</i>) of <i>commandCount</i> Commands using the Command handles specified by <i>commandList</i> . Any existing command Sequence is completely replaced.
--------------------	--

You can also create a command Sequence incrementally (i.e., one command at a time), by using the Append and/or Insert methods. Use the List methods to examine and manipulate a command Sequence, regardless of how it was created.

Return Values

MPIMessageOK	if <i>SequenceCommandListGet</i> successfully creates a Sequence of Commands using the Command handles specified by <i>commandList</i>
---------------------	--

See Also [mpiSequenceCommandListGet](#)

mpiSequenceCommandNext

Declaration `const MPICommand mpiSequenceCommandNext(MPISequence sequence, MPICommand command)`

Required Header

Description	SequenceCommandNext returns the next element following "command" on the list. This function can be used in conjunction with mpiSequenceCommandFirst() in order to iterate through the list.
--------------------	--

sequence	a handle to the Sequence object.
command	a handle to a Command object.

Return Values

handle	to the Command following the Command (<i>command</i>) in a Sequence (<i>sequence</i>)
MPIHandleVOID	if <i>sequence</i> is invalid if <i>command</i> is the last command in a Sequence (<i>sequence</i>)
MPIMessageHANDLE_INVALID	Either <i>sequence</i> or <i>command</i> is an invalid handle.

See Also [mpiSequenceCommandFirst](#) | [mpiSequenceCommandPrevious](#)

mpiSequenceCommandPrevious

Declaration `const MPICommand mpiSequenceCommandPrevious(MPISequence sequence, MPICommand command)`

Required Header `stdmpi.h`

Description [SequenceCommandPrevious](#) returns the previous element prior to "command" on the list. This function can be used in conjunction with `mpiSequenceCommandLast()` in order to iterate through the list backwards.

sequence	a handle to the Sequence object.
command	a handle to a Command object.

Return Values	
handle	to the Command preceding the Command (<i>command</i>) in a Sequence (<i>sequence</i>)
MPIHandleVOID	if <i>sequence</i> is invalid if <i>command</i> is the first command in a Sequence (<i>sequence</i>)
MPIMessageHANDLE_INVALID	Either <i>sequence</i> or <i>command</i> is an invalid handle.

See Also [mpiSequenceCommandLast](#) | [mpiSequenceCommandNext](#)

Required Header

Return Values

See Also

MPISequenceConfig / MEISequenceConfig

MPISequenceConfig

```
typedef MPIEmpty    MPISequenceConfig;
```

Description **SequenceConfig** is currently not supported and is reserved for future use.

MEISequenceConfig

```
typedef MPIEmpty    MEISequenceConfig;
```

Description **SequenceConfig** is currently not supported and is reserved for future use.

See Also [mpiSequenceConfigGet](#) | [mpiSequenceConfigSet](#)

MPISequenceMessage

MPISequenceMessage

```
typedef enum {

    MPISequenceMessageSEQUENCE_INVALID,
    MPISequenceMessageCOMMAND_COUNT,
    MPISequenceMessageCOMMAND_NOT_FOUND,
    MPISequenceMessageSTARTED,
    MPISequenceMessageSTOPPED,
} MPISequenceMessage;
```

Description

MPISequenceMessageSEQUENCE_INVALID	An invalid sequence number has been specified or a disabled sequence object has been specified.
MPISequenceMessageCOMMAND_COUNT	The program sequencer's command count is 0.
MPISequenceMessageCOMMAND_NOT_FOUND	The program sequencer command is not a valid command.
MPISequenceMessageSTARTED	The program sequencer has already been started.
MPISequenceMessageSTOPPED	The program sequencer has already been stopped.

See Also

MPISequenceState

MPISequenceState

```
typedef enum {  
    MPISequenceStateSTOPPED,  
    MPISequenceStateSTARTED,  
} MPISequenceState;
```

Description

MPISequenceStateSTOPPED	Means that the XMP's on-board program sequencer state is stopped. The program sequencer is in this state after it is created, and is not running. If the program sequencer has already been started, then a call to the MPI method <code>mpiSequenceStop</code> will stop the sequencer, and the sequencer state will be <code>MPISequenceStateSTOPPED</code> .
MPISequenceStateSTARTED	Means that the XMP's on-board program sequencer state is running. The program sequencer is in this state after it has been created, and successfully started with a call to the MPI method <code>mpiSequenceStart</code> .

See Also

MPISequenceStatus

MPISequenceStatus

```
typedef struct MPISequenceStatus {  
    MPICommand          command;  
    MPISequenceState    state;  
} MPISequenceStatus;
```

Description [MPISequenceStatus](#) is a status structure for MPISequence objects

command	The current command of the MPISequence object
state	The current state of the MPISequence object

See Also [MPISequence](#) | [mpiSequenceStatus](#)

MEISequenceTrace

MEISequenceTrace

```
typedef enum {  
    MEISequenceTraceLOAD,  
  
} MEISequenceTrace;
```

Description **MPISequenceTrace** sets tracing on for the mpiSequenceLoad() method.

See Also [MPISequence](#) | [MEITrace](#) | [mpiSequenceLoad](#)